



# **Service Manual**

# VMH 9/12/18/24 SU Series VMH 30/36 SD Series

Inverter Single Zone **Ductless Mini-Split** 



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### 1. Precaution

### 1.1 Safety Precaution

- To prevent injury and property damage, these instructions must be followed.
- Incorrect operation due to ignoring instructions will cause harm or damage.
- Before servicing the unit, be sure to read service manual.

### 1.2 Warning

#### > INSTALLATION

- Do not use a defective or underrated circuit breaker. Use this appliance on a dedicated circuit.
   There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- For electrical work, contact the dealer, seller, a qualified electrician, or an authorized service center. Do not disassemble or repair this product, there is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Always ground this product. There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Install panel and cover of control box securely.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Always install a dedicated circuit and breaker.
  - Improper wiring or installation may cause electric shock.
- Use the correctly rated breaker or fuse.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Do not modify or extend the power cable.
  - There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Do not install, remove, or reinstall the unit by yourself (customer).

  There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.
- Use caution when unpacking and installing the product.

Sharp edges could cause injury, be especially careful of the case edges and the fins on the condenser and evaporator.

- For installation, always contact the dealer or an authorized service center.
- Do not install this product on a defective installation stand.
- Be sure the installation area does not deteriorate with age.

  If the base collapses, the air conditioner could fall with it, causing property damage, product failure, and personal injury.
- Do not let the air conditioner run for a long time when the humidity is very high and a door or a window is left open.
- Take care to ensure that power cable cannot be pulled out or damaged during operation. There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Do not place anything on the power cable.
   There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Do not plug or unplug the power supply plug during operation.
   There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Do not handle or touch the product with wet hands.
- Do not place a heater or other appliance near the power cable.
   There is risk of fire and electric shock.
- Do not allow water to run into electrical parts.
  It may cause fire, failure of the product, or electric shock.
- Do not store or use flammable gas or combustibles near this product.
   There is risk of fire or failure of product.
- Do not use the product in a tightly closed space for a long time.
   Oxygen deficiency could occur.
- When flammable gas leaks, turn off the gas and open a window for ventilation before turning the product on.
- If strange sounds or smoke come from product, turn the breaker off or disconnect the power supply cable.

There is risk of electric shock or fire.



- Stop operation and close the window in storm or hurricane. If possible, remove the product from the window before the hurricane arrives.
  - There is risk of property damage, failure of product, or electric shock.
- Do not open the inlet grill of the product during operation.

There is risk of physical injury, electric shock, or product failure.

- When the product is soaked, contact an authorized service center. There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Use caution that water does not enter the product.

There is risk of fire, electric shock, or product damage.

Ventilate the area from time to time when operating this unit together with a stove etc.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

- Turn the main power off when cleaning or maintaining the product.

  There is risk of electric shock.
- When the product is not be used for a long time, turn off the breaker.
   There is risk of product damage or failure, or unintended operation.
- Take care to ensure that nobody can step on or fall onto the outdoor unit. This could result in personal injury and product damage.

#### > CAUTION

Always check for gas (refrigerant) leakage after installation or repair of product.

Low refrigerant levels may cause failure of product.

- Install the drain hose to ensure that water is drained away properly.
  A bad connection may cause water leakage.
- Keep level even when installing this product.

It can avoid vibration or water leakage.

- Do not install the product where the noise or hot air from the outdoor unit could affect neighbors.
- Use two or more people to lift and transport the product.
- Do not install the product where it will be exposed to sea wind (salt spray) directly.

It may cause corrosion on the product. Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient operation.

#### > OPERATIONAL

- Do not expose the skin directly to cool air for long periods. (Do not sit in the draft).
- Do not use the product for purposes such as preserving foods, works of art, etc. It is a consumer comfort air conditioner, not a precision refrigeration system.

There is risk of damage or loss of property.

- Do not block the inlet or outlet of air flow.
- Use a soft cloth to clean. Do not use harsh detergents, solvents, etc.

There is risk of fire, electric shock, or damage to the plastic parts of the product.

- Do not touch the metal parts of the product when removing the air filter. They are very sharp.
- Do not step on or put anything on the product. (outdoor units)
- Always insert the filter securely. Clean the filter every two weeks or more often if necessary.

A dirty filter reduces the efficiency of the air conditioner and could cause product malfunction or damage.

Do not insert hands or other objects through air inlet or outlet while the product is operating.



- Do not drink the water drained from the product.
- Use a firm stool or ladder when cleaning or maintaining the product.
   Be careful and avoid personal injury.
- Replace the all batteries in the remote control with new ones of the same type. Do not mix old and new batteries or different types of batteries.

There is risk of fire or explosion.

Do not recharge or disassemble the batteries. Do not dispose of batteries in a fire.

They may explode.

■ If the liquid from the batteries gets onto your skin or clothes, wash it well with clean water. Do not use the remote if the batteries have leaked.

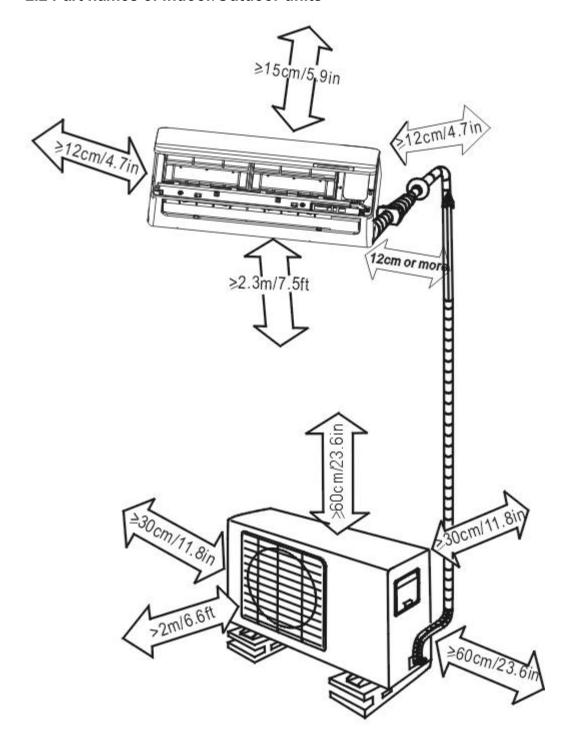
## 2. Part Names And Functions

#### 2.1 Model Names of Indoor/Outdoor units

Series	Capacity	Indoor units	Outdoor units
	9k	B-VMH09SU-1	A-VMH09SU-1
	12k	B-VMH12SU-1	A-VMH12SU-1
Inverter	18k	B-VMH18SU-1	A-VMH18SU-1
inverter	24k	B-VMH24SU-1	A-VMH24SU-1
	30k	B-VMH30SD-1	A-VMH30SD-1
	36k	B-VMH36SD-1	A-VMH36SD-1



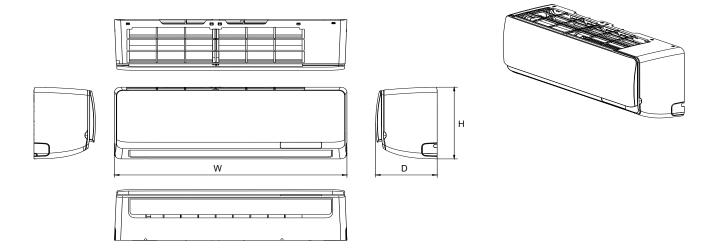
# 2.2 Part names of Indoor/Outdoor units





# 3. Dimension

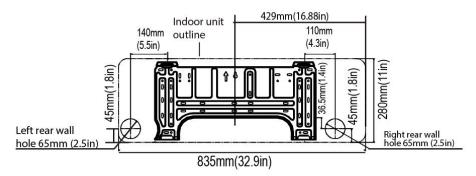
## 3.1 Indoor Unit



Model	W	D	Н
B-VMH09SU-1	32.9in	7.8in	11.0in
B-VMH12SU-1	(835mm)	(198mm)	(280mm)
B-VMH18SU-1	39.0in (990mm)	8.6in (218mm)	12.4in (315mm)
B-VMH24SU-1	40.7	10.0	10.5
B-VMH30SD-1	46.7in	10.2in	13.5in
B-VHH36SD-1	(1186mm )	(258mm)	(343mm)

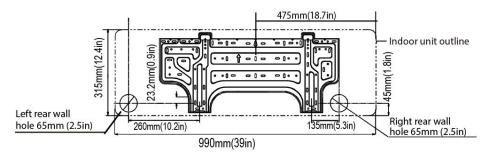


#### For B-VMH09SU-1, B-VMH12SU-1



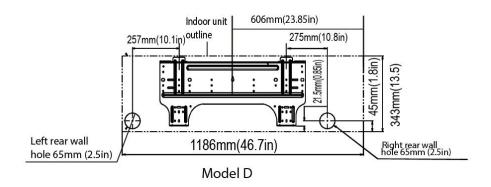
Model B

#### For B-VMH18SU-1

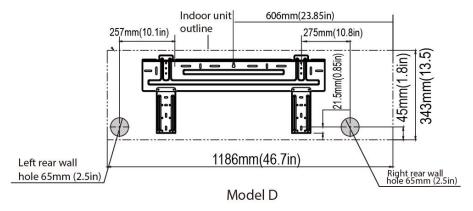


Model C

#### For B-VMH24SU-1

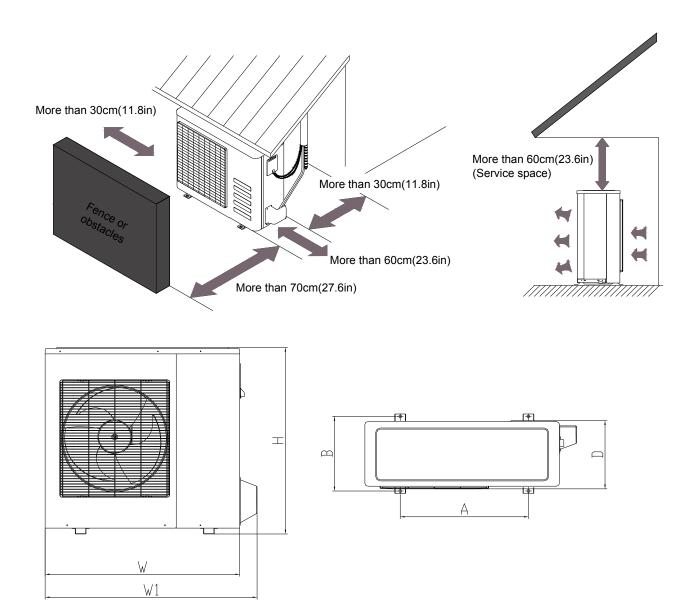


### For B-VMH30SD-1, B-VMH36SD-1





## 3.2 Outdoor Unit

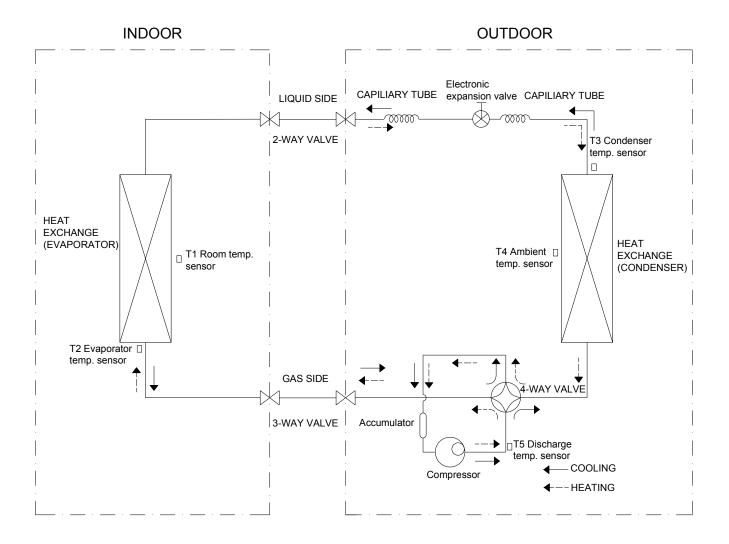


Note: The above drawing is only for reference. The appearance of your units may be different.

Model	W in(mm)	D in(mm)	H in(mm)	W1 in(mm)	A in(mm)	B in(mm)
A-VMH09SU-1	31.5(800)	13.11(333)	21.81(554)	34.25(870)	20.24(514)	13.39(340)
A-VMH12SU-1	31.3(000)	13.11(333)				
A-VMH18SU-1	33.27(845)	14.29(363)	27.64(702)	35.98(914)	21.26(540)	13.78(350)
A-VMH24SU-1						
A-VMH30SD-1	37.24(946)	16.14(410)	31.89(810)	40.55(1030)	26.50(673)	15.87(403)
A-VMH36SD-1						



# 4. Refrigerant Cycle Diagram





# 5. Wiring Diagram

(Please refer the wiring diagram on the unit)

# 6. Installation Details

# **6.1 Wrench torque sheet for installation**

Outside Diameter		Torque	Additional Tightening Torque
Ф <b>6.35mm</b>	1/4in	II lb-ft	12 lb-ft
Ф <b>9.52mm</b>	3/8in	I8 lb-ft	19 lb-ft
Ф12.7mm	1/2in	25.8 lb-ft	26.5 lb-ft
Ф15.9mm	5/8in	33.2 lb-ft	34.7 lb-ft
Φ19mm	3/4in	47.9 lb-ft	49.4 lb-ft

# 6.2 Connecting the cables

The power cord should be selected according to the following specifications sheet.

Appliance Amps	AWG Wire Size
10	18
13	16
18	14
25	12
30	10

The cable size and the current of the fuse or switch are determined by the maximum current indicated on the nameplate which is located on the side panel of the unit. Please refer to the nameplate before selecting the cable, fuse and switch.

# 6.3 Pipe length and the elevation

Models	Pipe Size		
ouolo	Gas	Liquid	
VMH09SU-1	3/8in (Ф 9.52mm)	1/4in (Ф 6.35mm)	
VMH12SU-1	1/2in (Φ 12.7mm)	1/4in	
VMH18SU-1		(Φ 6.35mm)	
VMH24SU-1	= (0)	0.40	
VMH30SD-1	5/8in · (Ф 15.9mm)	3/8in (Ф 9.52mm)	
VMH36SD-1		(Φ 9.3211111)	

Models	Standard Length	Max. Elevation	Max. Length A	Additional Refrigerant
A-VMH09SU-1 B-VMH09SU-1	7.5m	10m	25m	15g/m
A-VMH12SU-1 B-VMH12SU-1	(24.6ft)	(32.8ft)	(82.0ft)	(0.16oz/ft)
A-VMH18SU-1 B-VMH18SU-1	7.5m (24.6ft)	20m (65ft)	30m (98ft)	15g/m (0.16oz/ft)
A-VMH24SU-1 B-VMH24SU-1	7.5m	25m	50m	30g/m
A-VMH30SD-1 B-VMH30SD-1	(24.6ft)	(82ft)	(164ft)	(0.32oz/ft)
A-VMH36SD-1 B-VMH36SD-1	7.5m (24.6ft)	30m (82.0ft)	65m (213ft)	30g/m (0.32oz/ft)



#### 6.4 Initial Installation

Air and moisture in the refrigerant system have undesirable effects as below:

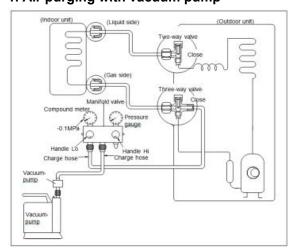
- Pressure in the system rises.
- Operating current rises.
- Cooling or heating efficiency drops.
- Moisture in the refrigerant circuit may freeze and block capillary tubing.
- Water may lead to corrosion of parts in the refrigerant system.

Therefore, the indoor unit and the pipes between indoor and outdoor units must be leak tested and evacuated to remove gas and moisture from the system.

### Gas leak check (soap and water method):

Apply soap water or a liquid neutral detergent on the indoor unit connections or outdoor unit connections by a soft brush to check for leakage of the connecting points of the piping. If bubbles form, the pipes have leakage.

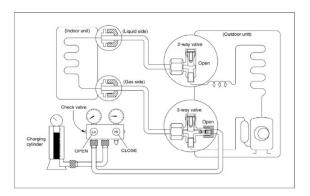
### 1. Air purging with vacuum pump



- Completely tighten the flare nuts of the indoor and outdoor units, confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the closed position.
- 2) Connect the low pressure charge hose to the 3-way valve's gas service port.
- Connect the high pressure hose to the vacuum pump.
- 4) Fully open the handle of the low pressure manifold valve.

- 5) Evacuate for 30 minutes and check that micron gauge reads <500 microns. If not, it should be pumped 20 minutes more. If the pressure can't achieve <500 microns after pumping 50 minutes, please check for leakage points. Fully close the handle valve of the low pressure manifold set and stop the operation of the vacuum pump. Confirm that the gauge needle does not move above 500 microns (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).</p>
- 6) Turn the flare nut of the 3-way valves about 45° counterclockwise for 6 or 7seconds after the gas coming out, then tighten the flare nut again. Make sure the pressure display in the pressure indicator is a little higher than the atmosphere pressure. Then remove the charge hose from the 3-way valve.
- Fully open the 2-way valve and 3-way valve and securely tighten the cap of the 3-way valve.

# 6.5 Adding the refrigerant after running the system for many years



#### **Procedure**

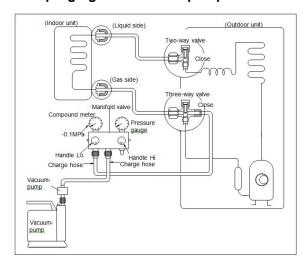
- Connect the charge hose to the 3-way service port, open the 2-way valve and the 3-way valve. Connect the charge hose to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder. Turn the cylinder bottom up to ensure liquid charge.
- 2) Purge the air from the charge hose. Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set to purge the air (be careful of the liquid refrigerant).



- 3) Put the charging cylinder onto the electronic scale and record the weight.
- 4) Operate the air conditioner in the cooling mode.
- 5) Open the valves (Low side) on the charge set and charge the system with liquid refrigerant.
- 6) When the electronic scale displays the proper weight (refer to the gauge and the pressure of the low side), disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port immediately and turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.
- 7) Mount the valve stem caps and the service port. Use torque wrench to tighten the service port cap to a torque of 13F.P. Be sure to check for gas leakage.

# 6.6 Re-installation if the indoor unit has been repaired

#### 1. Air purging with vacuum pump

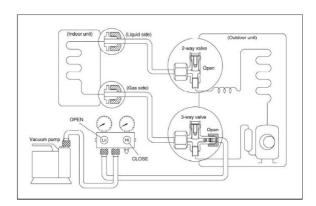


- Completely tighten the flare nuts of the indoor and outdoor units, confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the closed position.
- 2) Connect the low pressure charge hose to the 3-way valve's gas service port.
- 3) Connect the high pressure charge hose to the vacuum pump.
- 4) Fully open the low pressure handle of the manifold.

- 5) Operate the vacuum pump to evacuate.
- 6) Evacuate for 30 minutes and check whether the compound meter indicates 500 microns. If the meter does not indicate 500 microns after pumping 30 minutes, it should be pumped 20 minutes more. If the pressure can't achieve 500 microns after pumping 50 minutes, please check for leakage points. Fully close the low pressure valve of the manifold and stop the operation of the vacuum pump. Confirm that the gauge needle does not move (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).
- 7) Turn the flare nut of the 3-way valves about 45° counterclockwise for 6 or 7 seconds after the gas coming out, then tighten the flare nut again. Make sure the pressure display in the pressure indicator is a little higher than the atmosphere pressure. Then remove the charge hose from the 3-way valve.
- 8) Fully open the 2-way valve and 3-way valve and securely tighten the cap of the 3-way valve.

# 6.7 Re-installation after outdoor unit has been repaired

#### 1. Evacuation for the whole system

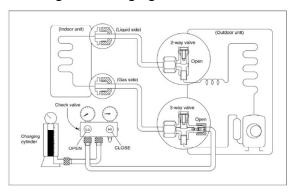




#### Procedure:

- Confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the opened position.
- 2) Connect the vacuum pump to 3-way valve's service port.
- Evacuate for approximately one hour.
   Confirm that the compound meter indicates <500 microns.</li>
- 4) Close the valve (Low side) on the charge set, turn off the vacuum pump, and confirm that the gauge needle does not move (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).
- 5) Disconnect the charge hose from the vacuum pump.

#### 2. Refrigerant charging



#### Procedure:

- Connect the charge hose to the charging cylinder, open the 2-way valve and the 3way valve. Connect the charge hose which you disconnected from the vacuum pump to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder. Turn the cylinder bottom up to ensure liquid charge.
- 2) Purge the air from the charge hose. Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set to purge the air (be careful of the liquid refrigerant).
- Put the charging cylinder onto the electronic scale and record the weight.
- 4) Open the valves (Low side) on the charge set and charge the system with liquid refrigerant. If the system cannot be charged with the specified amount of refrigerant, or can be charged with a little at a time (approximately 5oz. each time), while operating the air conditioner in the cooling cycle, wait approximately one minute and then repeat the procedure.
- 5) When the electronic scale displays the proper weight, disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port immediately. If the system has been charged with liquid refrigerant while operating the air conditioner, turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.
- 6) Mount the valve stem caps and the service port. Use torque wrench to tighten the service port cap to a torque of 13F.P. Be sure to check for gas leakage.



# 7. Operation Characteristics

Temperature Mode	Cooling operation	Heating operation	Drying operation
Room temperature	17°C ~ 32°C (62°F ~ 90°F)	0°C ~ 30°C (32°F ~ 86°F)	10°C ~ 32°C (50°F ~ 90°F)
Outdoor temperature	0°C ~ 50°C (32°F ~ 122°F)	-15°C ~ 30°C	0°C ~ 50°C
VMH30SD-1 VMH36SD-1	-15°C ~ 50°C (5°F ~ 122°F) (need low ambient cooling function)	(5°F~86°F)	(32°F ~ 122°F)
Outdoor temperature VMH09SU VMH12SU VMH18SU VMH24SU	-30°C ~ 50°C (-22°F ~ 122°F)	-30°C ~ 30°C (-22°F ~ 86°F)	0°C ~ 50°C (32°F ~ 122°F)

$$\Delta T(^{\circ}F) = \frac{9\Delta T(^{\circ}C)}{5} + 32$$

#### **CAUTION:**

- 1. If the air conditioner is used beyond the above conditions, certain safety protection features may come into operation and cause the unit to operate abnormally.
- 2. The room relative humidity should be less than 80%. If the air conditioner operates beyond this figure, the surface of the air conditioner may attract condensation. Please set the vertical air flow louver to its maximum angle (vertically to the floor), and set HIGH fan mode.
- 3. The optimum performance will be achieved during this operating temperature zone.



# 8. Electronic Function

## 8.1 Abbreviation

T1: Indoor room temperature

T2: Coil temperature of evaporator

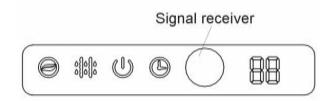
T3: Coil temperature of condenser

T4: Outdoor ambient temperature

TP: Compressor discharge temperature

# 8.2 Display function

# 8.2.1 Icon explanation on indoor display board.



	ION indication lamp (optional function): This lamp illuminates when Clean Air feature is activated.		
	<b>DEFROST indication lamp:</b> Lights up when the air conditioner starts defrosting automatically or when the warm air control feature is activated in heating operation.		
	<b>OPERATION indication lamp:</b> This lamp illuminates when the air conditioner is in operation.		
	TIMER indication lamp: Lights up during Timer operation.		
88	<b>Temperature indicator:</b> Displays the temperature settings when the air conditi is operational. Displays the malfunction code.		



#### 8.3 Main Protection

# 8.3.1 Three minutes delay at restart for compressor

Less than one minute delay for the first time start-up and a three minute delay for others.

# **8.3.2 Temperature protection of compressor** top

The unit will stop working when the compressor top temp. protector cuts off, and will restart after the compressor top temp. protector restarts.

# 8.3.3 Temperature protection of compressor discharge

Compressor discharge temp. TP >115°F (239°F) for 5s, compressor stops.

### 8.3.4 Fan speed is out of control

When Indoor fan speed runs too low (300RPM) or too high (1500RPM) for a predetermined time, the unit will stop and the LED will display the failure

#### 8.3.5 Inverter module protection

The Inverter module has a protection function for current, voltage and temperature. If these protections happen, the corresponding code will display on indoor unit and the unit will stop working.

#### 8.3.6 Indoor fan delayed open function

When the unit starts up, the louver will be active immediately and the indoor fan will open 10 seconds later.

If the unit runs in heating mode, the indoor fan will also be controlled by anti-cold wind function. Fan will turn on, low speed, at 87°F coil temperature. Fan will switch to high speed at 114°F coil temperature.

### 8.3.7 Compressor preheating functions

Preheating permitting condition: When T4 (outdoor ambient temperature) < 3°C (37.4°F), the preheating function will be activated.

# 8.3.8 Zero crossing detection error protection

If AC detects time interval is not correct for continuous 240s, the unit will stop and the LED will display the failure. The correct zero crossing signal time interval should be between 6-13ms.

# 8.3.9 Sensor protection at open circuit and breaking disconnection.

When there is only one temperature sensor in malfunction, the air conditioner will keep working but show the error code, in case of any emergency use.

When there is more than one temperature sensor in malfunction, the air conditioner will stop working.

#### 8.3.10 Refrigerant leakage detection

This function is only active in cooling mode. It can better prevent the compressor being damaged by refrigerant leakage or compressor overload.

Open condition:

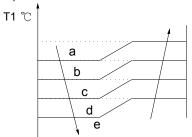
When compressor is active, the value of the coil temperature of evaporator T2 has no change, or very little change.



### 8.4 Operation Modes and Functions

#### 8.4.1 Fan mode

- 1) Outdoor fan and compressor stop.
- 2) Temperature setting function is disabled, and no setting temperature is displayed.
- 3) Indoor fan can be set to high/med/low/auto.
- The louver operates same as in cooling mode.
- 5) Auto fan:



#### 8.4.2 Cooling Mode

### 8.4.2.1 Compressor running rules

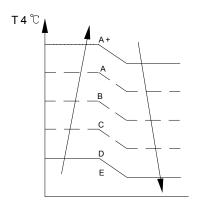
When T1-Ts<-2°C(28.4°F), the compressor will stop, when T1— $T_s$ >-0.5°C(31.1°F), the compressor will be activated.

When the AC runs in mute mode, the compressor will run at low frequency. When the current is more than set value, the current protection function will be activated, and the compressor will stop.

#### 8.4.2.2 Outdoor fan running rules

The outdoor unit will be run at different fan speeds according to T4.

For different outdoor units, the fan speeds are different.



#### 8.4.2.3 Indoor fan running rules

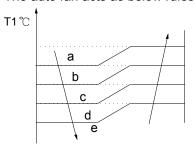
In cooling mode, indoor fan runs all the time and the speed can be selected as high

medium, low and auto.

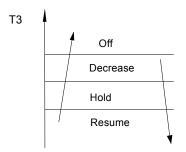
When the setting temp. is reached, if the compressor stops running, indoor fan motor will run in Minimum speed or set speed. The indoor fan is controlled as below:

Setting fan speed	T1-Td ℃(°F)	Actual fan speed
Н	A B C	H+ (H+=H+G) H (=H) H- (H-=H-G)
М	D E F	M+ (M+=M+Z) M (M=M) M- (M-=M-Z)
L	G H	L+(L+=L+D) L(L=L) L-(L-=L-D)

The auto fan acts as below rules:



#### 8.4.2.4 Condenser temperature protection



When condenser temperature temp. is more than setting value, the compressor will stop.

#### 8.4.2.5 Evaporator temperature protection

When Evaporator temperature is less than setting value, the compressor will stop.

#### 8.4.3 Heating Mode

#### 8.4.3.1 Compressor running rules

When T1-Ts>- $\Delta$ T, the compressor will stop, when T1-T<sub>S</sub>< $\Delta$ T-1.5, the compressor will be on.

ΔT is the programmed parameter of temperature compensation

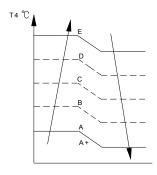


When the AC runs in mute mode, the compressor will run with low frequency. When the current is more than set value, the current protection function will be activated and the compressor will stop.

#### 8.4.3.2 Outdoor fan running rules

The outdoor unit will be run at different fan speeds according to T4.

For different outdoor units, the fan speeds are different.



#### 8.4.3.3 Indoor fan running rules

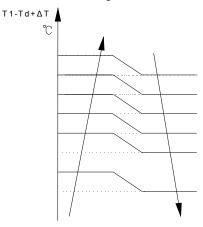
When the compressor is on, the indoor fan can be set to high/med/low/auto/mute.

When indoor unit coil temp. is low, the anti-cold air function will start and indoor fan motor will run at low speed, the speed can't be changed, when the temp. is lower than setting value, the indoor fan motor will stop.

When the indoor temp reaches the setting temp., the compressor will stop, the indoor fan motor will run at the minimum speed or setting speed. (The anti-cold air function is valid). The indoor fan is controlled as below:

Setting fan speed	T1-Td <sup>®</sup> C	Actual fan speed
н		H- (H-=H-G)
П		H (=H)
		H+(H+=H+G)
		M-(M-=M-Z)
М		M(M=M)
	/	M+(M+=M+Z)
		L-(L-=L-D)
		L(L=L)
	/	L+(L+=L+D)

Auto fan action in heating mode:



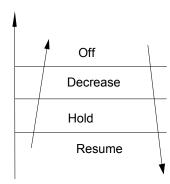
#### 8.4.3.4 Defrosting mode

AC will enter the defrosting mode according to the value of temp. of T3 and the value range of temp. change of T3 and also the compressor running time.

During the defrosting mode, the compressor keeps running, indoor and outdoor motor will stop, defrost lamp of the indoor unit will be lit.

"**JF**." Will be displayed.

# 8.4.3.5 Evaporator coil temperature protection

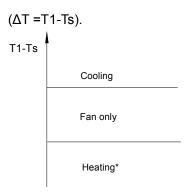


When evaporator temperature temp. is more than the setting protection value, the compressor will stop.

#### 8.4.4 Auto-mode

This mode can be chosen with remote controller and the setting temperature can be changed between 17°C(62.6°F)~30°C(86°F). In auto mode, the machine will choose cooling, heating or fan-only mode according to  $\Delta T.$ 





#### Heating\*:

Indoor fan will run at auto fan of the relevant mode.

The louver operates same as in relevant mode. If the machine switches mode between heating and cooling, the compressor will stop and then choose mode according to T1-Ts.

If the setting temperature is modified, the

machine will choose running function again.

### 8.4.5 Drying mode

8.4.5.1 Indoor fan speed is fixed at breeze and can't be changed. The louver angle is the same as in cooling mode.

8.4.5.2 Low indoor room temperature protection In drying mode, if room temperature is lower than 10°C(50°F), the compressor will stop and not resume until room temperature exceeds 12°C(53.6°F).

8.4.5.3 Evaporator anti-freezing protection, condenser high temperature protection and outdoor unit frequency limit are active and the same as that in cooling mode.

8.4.5.4 The outdoor fan operates the same as in cooling mode.

#### 8.4.6 Forced operation function

8.4.6.1 Enter forced operation function: When the machine is off, pressing the touch button will carry the machine to forced auto mode. If pressing the button once again within 5 seconds, the machine will turn into forced cooling mode.

In forced auto, forced cooling or any other operation mode, pressing touch button will turn off the machine.

8.4.6.2 In forced operation mode, all general protections and remote control are available.

#### 8.4.6.3 Operation rules:

Forced cooling mode:

The compressor runs at F2 frequency and indoor fan runs as breeze. After running for 30 minutes. the machine will turn to auto mode as 24°C(75.2°F) setting temperature.

Forced auto mode:

The action of forced auto mode is the same as normal auto mode with 24°C(75.2°F) setting temperature.

#### 8.4.7 Auto-Restart function

The indoor unit is equipped with auto-restart function, which is carried out through an auto-restart module. In case of a sudden power failure, the module memorizes the setting conditions before the power failure. The unit will resume the previous operation setting (not including swing function) automatically after 3 minutes when power returns.

If the memorization condition is forced cooling mode, the unit will run in cooling mode for 30 minutes and turn to auto mode as 24°C(75.2° F) setting temp.

If AC is off before power off and AC is required to start up now, the compressor will have 1 minute delay when power on. Other conditions, the compressor will have 3 minutes delay when restarting.

#### 8.4.8 Refrigerant Leakage Detection

With this new technology, the display area will show "EC" when the outdoor unit detects refrigerant leakage.

#### 8.4.9 8°C Heating (optional)

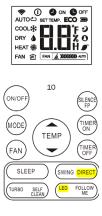
When the compressor is running, the indoor fan motor will run without anti-cold air function. When the compressor is off, the indoor fan motor is off.



#### 8.4.10 Point check function

Press the LED DISPLAY or LED or MUTE button of the remote controller three times, and then press the AIR DIRECTION or SWING button three times in ten seconds, the buzzer will sound for two seconds. The air conditioner will enter into the information inquiry status. You can press the LED button, then DIRECT button to check the next or front item's information. When the AC enters the "information inquiry" status, it will display the code name in 2 seconds, the details are as follows.

Enquiry information	Displaying code	Meaning
T1	T1	T1 temp.
T2	T2	T2 temp.
Т3	Т3	T3 temp.
T4	T4	T4 temp.
T2B	Tb	T2B temp.
TP	TP	TP temp.
TH	TH	TH temp.
Targeted Frequency	FT	Targeted Frequency
Actual Frequency	Fr	Actual Frequency
Indoor fan speed	IF	Indoor fan speed
Outdoor fan speed	OF	Outdoor fan speed
EXV opening angle	LA	EXV opening angle
Compressor continuous running time	CT	Compressor continuous
		running time
Causes of compressor stop.	ST	Causes of compressor
		stop.
Reserve	A0	
Reserve	A1	
Reserve	<b>b</b> 0	
Reserve	<b>b</b> 1	
Reserve	<b>b</b> 2	
Reserve	<b>b</b> 3	
Reserve	ъ4	
Reserve	<b>b</b> 5	
Reserve	<b>b</b> 6	
Reserve	dL	
Reserve	Ac	
Reserve	Uo	
Reserve	Td	





When the AC enters into the information inquiry status, it will display the following code values during the next 25s.

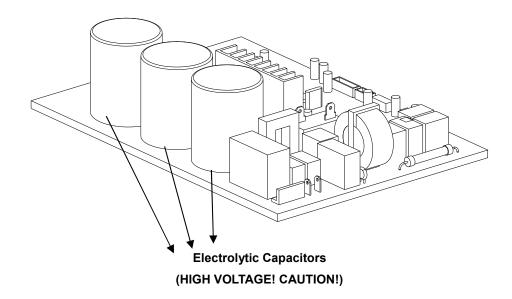
Enquiry	Display value	Meaning	Remark
information	45 45 41 4	05 04 00 00 04 0	4.5:
T1,T2,T3,T4,	-1F,-1E,-1d,-1c,-	-25,-24,-23,-22,-21,-2	1. Display temperature is actual value.
T2B,TP,TH,	1b,-1A	0	2. Temperature is ° C no matter what kind
Targeted	-19—99	-19—99	of remote controller is used.
Frequency,	A0,A1,···A9	100,101,…109	3. T1,T2,T3,T4,T2B display range:-25~70,
Actual	b0,b1,···b9	110,111,…119	TP display range:-20~130.
Frequency	c0,c1,···c9	120,121,…129	4. Frequency display range: 0~159HZ.
	d0,d1,…d9	130,131,…139	5. If the actual value exceeds the range, it
	E0,E1,···E9	140,141,…149	will display the maximum value or
	F0,F1,···F9	150,151,…159	minimum value.
Indoor fan	0	OFF	
speed /	1,2,3,4	Low speed, Medium	For some big capacity motors.
Outdoor fan		speed, High speed,	
speed		Turbo	
	14-FF	Actual fan speed =	For some small capacity motors,
		Display value turns	display value is from 14-FF(hexadecimal),
		to decimal value and	the corresponding fan speed range is from
		then multiply 10. The	200-2550RPM.
		unit is RPM.	
EXV opening	0-FF	Actual EXV opening	
angle		value = Display	
		value turns to	
		decimal value and	
		then multiply 2.	
Compressor	0-FF	0-255 minutes	If the actual value exceeds the
continuous			range, it will display the maximum
running time			value or minimum value.
Causes of	0-99	For the detailed	Decimal display
compressor		meaning, please	
stop.		consult with engineer	
Reserve	0-FF		



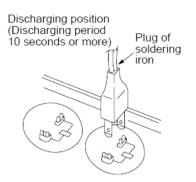
# 9. Troubleshooting

### Safety

An electric charge is still kept in capacitors even when the power supply is shut off. Do not forget to discharge the electricity in capacitor.



For other models, please connect discharge resistance (approx.100 $\Omega$  40W) or soldering iron (plug) between +, - terminals of the electrolytic capacitor on the contrary side of the outdoor PCB.



Note: The picture above is only for reference. Your plug may be different.



## 9.1 Indoor Unit Error Display

	T .		
Operation lamp	Timer lamp	Display	LED STATUS
☆ 1 time	Х	E0	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error
☆ 2 times	Х	E1	Indoor / outdoor units communication error
☆ 3 times	Х	E2	Zero-crossing signal detection error
☆ 4 times	Х	E3	Indoor fan speed has been out of control
☆ 5 times	Х	E4	Indoor room temperature sensor T1 open circuit or short circuit
☆ 6 times	Х	E5	Evaporator coil temperature sensor T2 open circuit or short circuit
☆ 7 times	Х	EC	Refrigerant leakage detection
☆ 1 times	0	F0	Overload current protection
☆ 2 times	0	F1	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor T4 open circuit or short circuit
☆ 3 times	0	F2	Condenser coil temperature sensor T3 open circuit or short circuit
☆ 4 times	0	F3	Compressor discharge temperature sensor TP open circuit or short circuit
☆ 5 times	0	F4	Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error
☆ 6 times	0	F5	Outdoor fan speed has been out of control
☆ 1 times	☆	P0	IPM malfunction or IGBT over-strong current protection
☆ 2 times	☆	P1	Over voltage or over low voltage protection
☆ 3 times	☆	P2	High temperature protection of IPM module
☆ 4 times	☆	P3*	Outdoor ambient temperature too low.
☆ 5 times	☆	P4	Inverter compressor drive error
☆ 7 times	☆	P6	Low pressure protection(Only for 36K)

### \*P3

1) In heating mode, when the outdoor temperature is lower than -13°F for 1 hour, the indoor unit display error code P3.

O (light)

X (off)

☆ (flash)

2) If the outdoor temperature is higher than -7.6°F for 10 minutes and compressor stop for 1 hour or outdoor temperature is higher than 23°F for 10 minutes, then the unit will return to work.

### \* Fault Symptom:

The display board shows a garbled code or a code that is not an error code found in the service manual nor a temperature reading.

#### **Troubleshooting:**

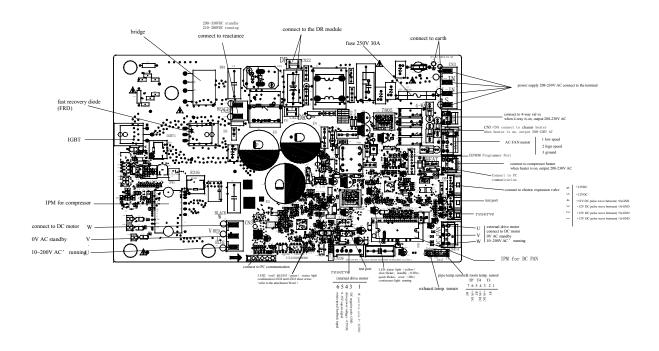
Use the remote controller. If the unit does not respond to the remote, the indoor PCB needs to be replaced; if the unit does respond, then the display board needs to be replaced.

F



# **9.2 Outdoor Unit Error Display**

## For A-VMH09SU-1, A-VMH12SU-1, A-VMH18SU-1



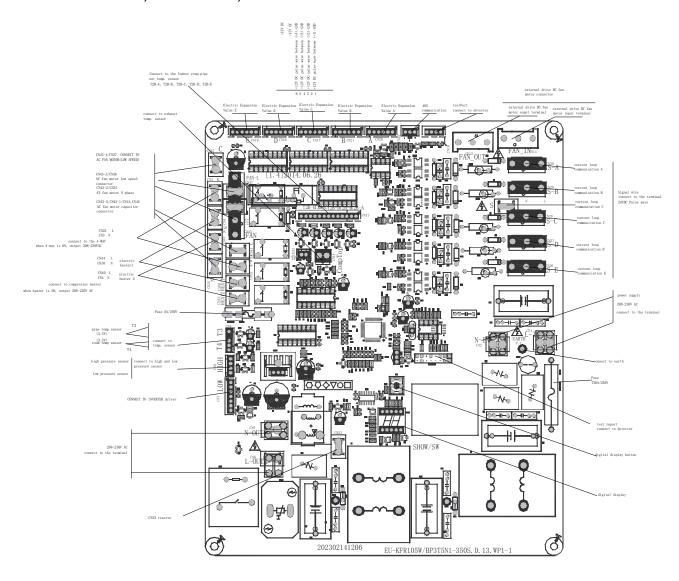
# After power on, LED3(Green color) and LED2(Red color) will be flash if the unit has some problems.

No.	Problems	LED3 (Green)	LED2 (Red)	IU display
1	Normal, Standby	0	X	
2	Normal, Operation	X	0	
3	IPM malfunction or IGBT over-strong current protection	☆	Х	P0
4	Over voltage or too low voltage protection	0	0	P1
5	EEPROM parameter error	0	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\Rightarrow}$	E5
6	Inverter compressor drive error	Х	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\Rightarrow}$	P4
7	Inverter compressor drive error	☆	0	P4
8	Inverter compressor drive error	☆	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$	P4

O (light) X (off)  $\Rightarrow$  (2.5Hz flash)

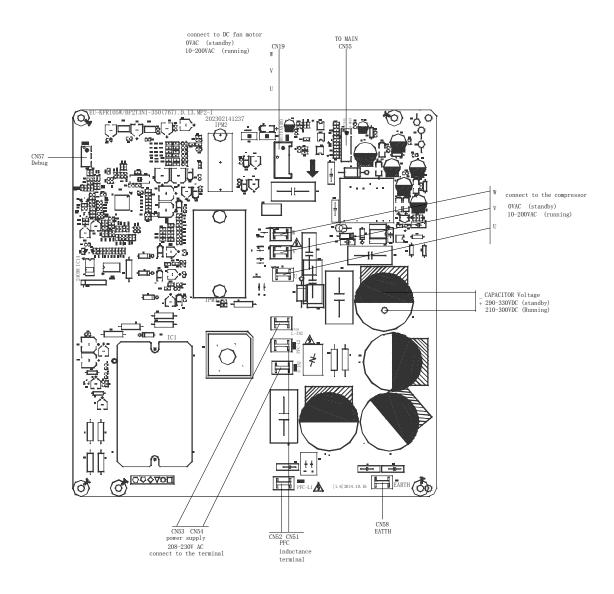


#### For A-VMH24SU-1, A-VMH30SD-1, A-VMH36SD-1





#### **IPM Board**



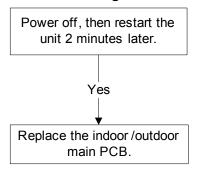


## 9.3 Diagnosis and Solution

## 9.3.1 EEPROM parameter error diagnosis and solution(E0/F4)

Error Code	E0/F4
Malfunction conditions	Indoor or outdoor PCB main chip does not receive feedback from EEPROM chip.
Possible causes	<ul><li>Installation error</li><li>PCB faulty</li></ul>

### **Troubleshooting:**



EEPROM: a read-only memory whose contents can be erased and reprogrammed using a pulsed voltage. For the location of EEPROM chip, please refer to the below photos.





**Indoor PCB** 

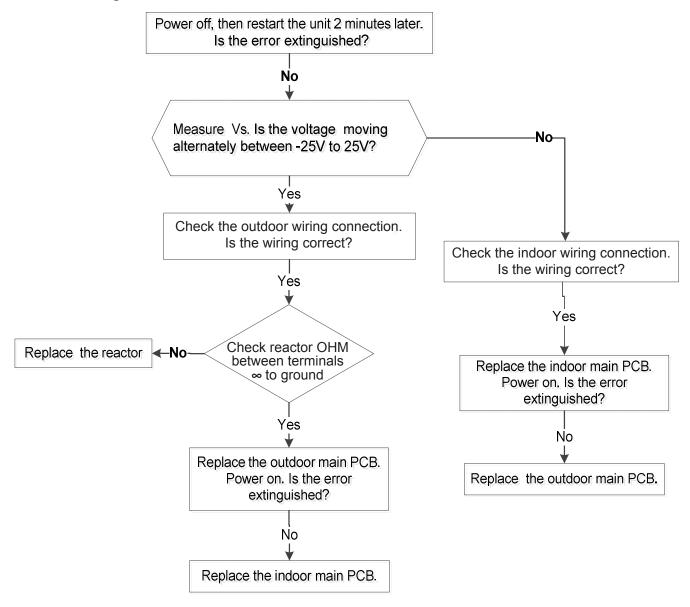
**Outdoor PCB** 

Note: The two photos above are only for reference, they may not be the same as your unit.

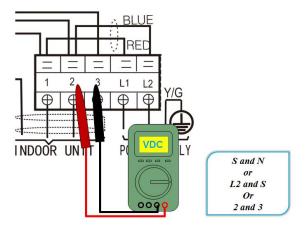


#### 9.3.2 Indoor / outdoor unit's communication diagnosis and solution(E1)

	<u> </u>
Error Code	E1
Malfunction condition	Indoor unit does not receive the feedback from outdoor unit during
	110 seconds and this condition happens four times continuously.
Possible causes	Wiring error
	Indoor or outdoor PCB faulty







#### Remark:

Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between 2 port and 3 port of outdoor unit. The red pin of multimeter connects with 2 port while the black pin is for 3 port.

When AC is running normal, the voltage will move alternately between -25V to 25V.

If the outdoor unit has malfunction, the voltage will move alternately with positive value.

If the indoor unit has a malfunction, the voltage will be an unchanging value.



#### Remark:

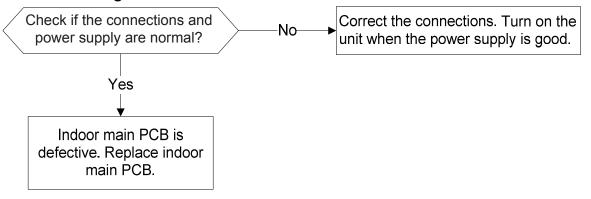
Use a multimeter to test the resistance of the reactor which does not connect with capacitor.

The normal value should be around zero ohm. Otherwise, the reactor has malfunctioned.



# 9.3.3 Zero crossing detection error diagnosis and solution (E2)

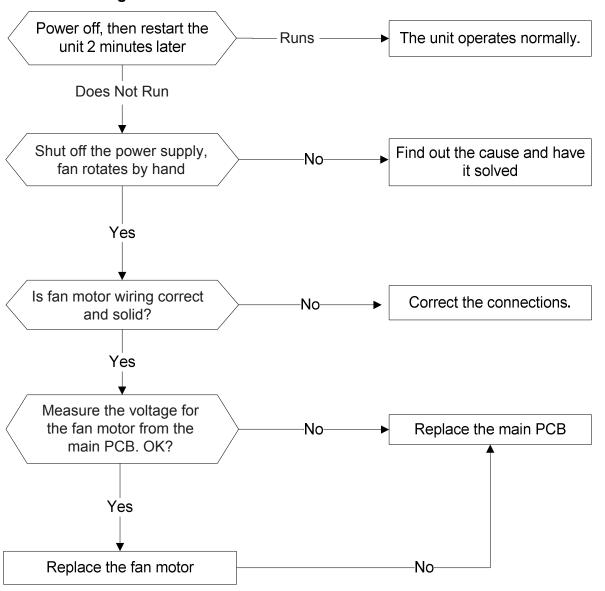
Error Code	E2
Malfunction conditions	When PCB does not receive zero crossing signal feedback for 4 minutes or the zero crossing signal time interval is abnormal.
Possible causes	<ul> <li>Connection error</li> <li>PCB faulty</li> </ul>





# 9.3.4 Fan speed has been out of control diagnosis and solution (E3)

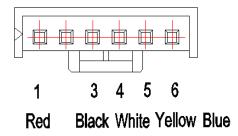
Error Code	E3/F5	
Malfunction conditions	When indoor fan speed remains too low (300RPM) for certain time, the unit will stop and the LED will display the failure.	
Possible causes	<ul> <li>Wiring error</li> <li>Fan assembly faulty</li> <li>Fan motor faulty</li> <li>PCB faulty</li> </ul>	





#### Index 1:

Indoor or Outdoor DC Fan Motor (control chip is in fan motor)
 Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of pin1-pin3, pin4-pin3 in fan motor connector. If the value of the voltage is not in the range showing in below table, the PCB has problems and needs to be replaced.



DC motor voltage input and output(voltage: 220-240V~)

		•	
NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1	Red	Vs/Vm	280V~380V
2			
3	Black	GND	0V
4	White	Vcc	14-17.5V
5	Yellow	Vsp	0~5.6V
6	Blue	FG	14-17.5V

DC motor voltage input and output(voltage:115V~)

NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1	Red	Vs/Vm	140V~190V
2			
3	Black	GND	0V
4	White	Vcc	14-17.5V
5	Yellow	Vsp	0~5.6V
6	Blue	FG	14-17.5V

### 2. Outdoor DC Fan Motor (control chip is in outdoor PCB)

Power on, and check if the fan runs normally. If the fan runs normally, the PCB has problems and needs to be replaced, If the fan does not run normally, measure the resistance of each two pins. If the resistances are not equal to each other, the fan motor has problems and needs to be replaced, otherwise the PCB has problems and needs to be replaced, otherwise the PCB has problems and needs to be replaced.

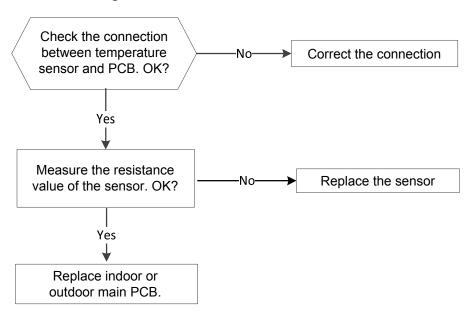
#### 3. Indoor AC Fan Motor

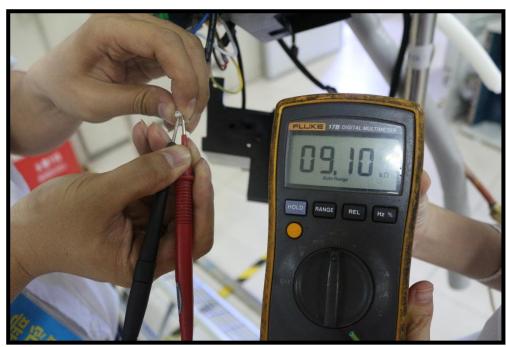
Power on and set the unit running in fan mode at high fan speed. After running for 15 seconds, measure the voltage of pin1 and pin 2. If the value of the voltage is less than 100V, the PCB has problems and needs to be replaced.



## 9.3.5 Open circuit or short circuit of temperature sensor diagnosis and solution (E5)

Error Code	E4/E5/F1/F2/F3
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is lower than 0.06V or higher than 4.94V, the LED will display the failure.
Possible causes	<ul><li>Wiring error</li><li>Sensor faulty</li></ul>

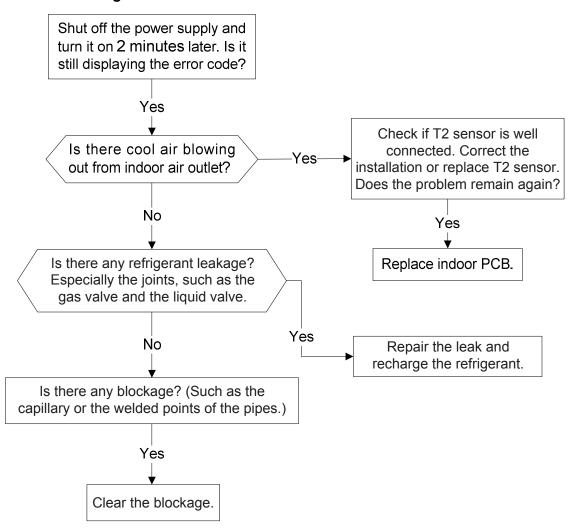






### 9.3.6 Refrigerant Leakage Detection diagnosis and solution (EC)

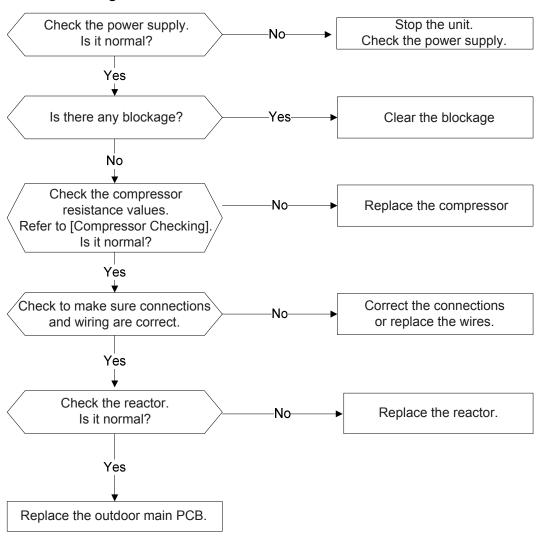
Error Code	EC	
Malfunction conditions	Define the evaporator coil temp.T2 of the compressor just starts running as Tcool.  In the beginning 5 minutes after the compressor starts up, if T2 <tcool—2°c(tcool—35.6°f) "ec"="" 3="" 4="" ac="" and="" area="" continuous="" display="" does="" happens="" keep="" not="" off.<="" seconds="" show="" situation="" td="" the="" this="" times,="" turn="" will=""></tcool—2°c(tcool—35.6°f)>	
Possible causes	<ul> <li>T2 sensor faulty</li> <li>Indoor PCB faulty</li> <li>System problems, such as leakage or blocking.</li> </ul>	





## 9.3.7 Overload current protection diagnosis and solution (F0)

Error Code	F0
Malfunction conditions	An abnormal current rise is detected by checking the specified current detection circuit.
Possible causes	<ul> <li>Power supply problems.</li> <li>System blockage</li> <li>PCB faulty</li> <li>Wiring error</li> <li>Compressor malfunction</li> </ul>



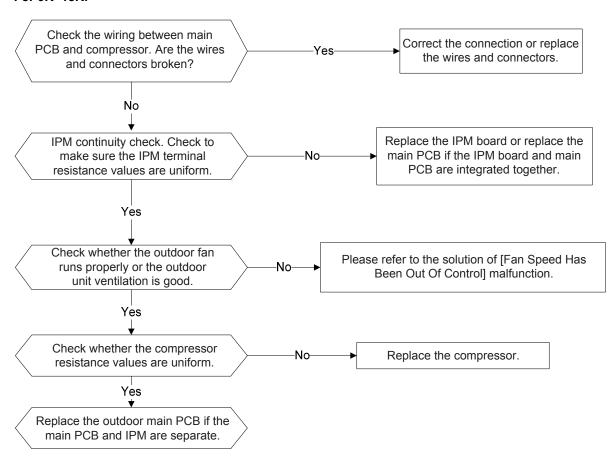


#### 9.3.8 IPM malfunction or IGBT over-strong current protection diagnosis and solution (P0)

Error Code	P0					
Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal that IPM send to compressor drive chip is abnormal, the display LED will show "P0" and AC will turn off.					
Possible causes	<ul> <li>Wiring error</li> <li>IPM malfunction</li> <li>Outdoor fan assembly faulty</li> <li>Compressor malfunction</li> <li>Outdoor PCB faulty</li> </ul>					

### **Troubleshooting:**

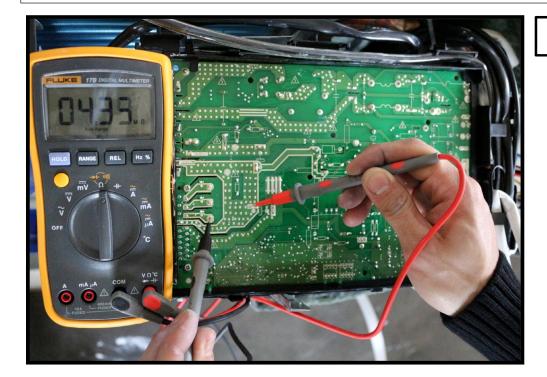
#### For 9K~18K:



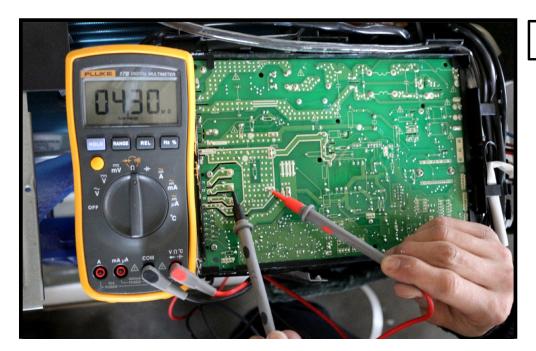


# For example:

Note: The photos below are only for reference, it may be not be the same as your equipment.



P-U



P-V





P-W

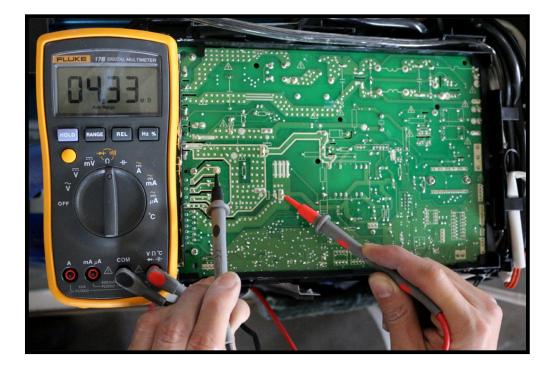


N-U





N-V

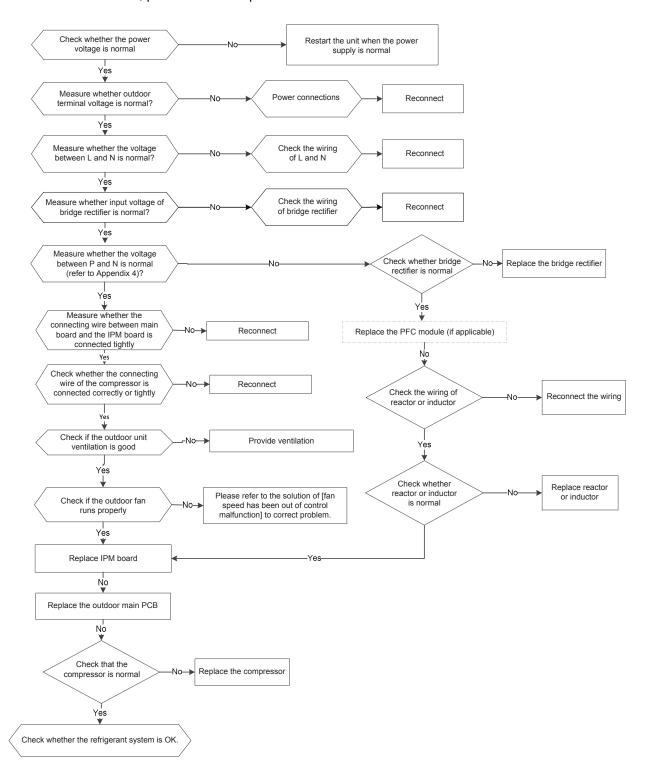


N-W



#### For 24K~36K:

At first test the resistance between all points; U, V, W of IPM and P, N. If any result is 0 or close to 0, the IPM is defective. If OK, please follow the procedure below:

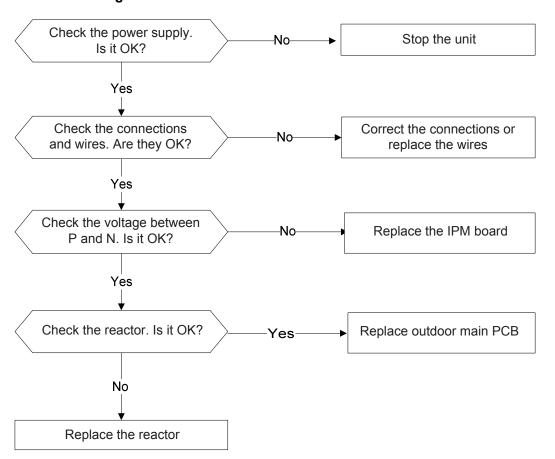


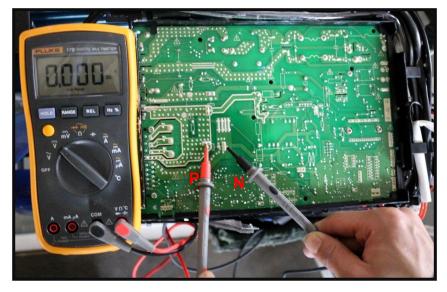


### 9.3.9 Over voltage or too low voltage protection diagnosis and solution (P1)

Error Code	P1						
Malfunction conditions	An abnormal voltage rise or drop is detected by checking the specified voltage detection circuit.						
Possible causes	Power supply problems						
	System leakage or blockage						
	PCB faulty						

### **Troubleshooting:**





#### Remark:

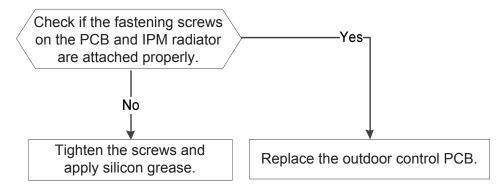
Measure the DC voltage between P and N port. The normal value should be around 310V.



# 9.3.10 High temperature protection of IPM module diagnosis and solution (P2)

Error Code	P2
Malfunction conditions	If the voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure.
Possible causes	PCB faulty

# **Troubleshooting:**



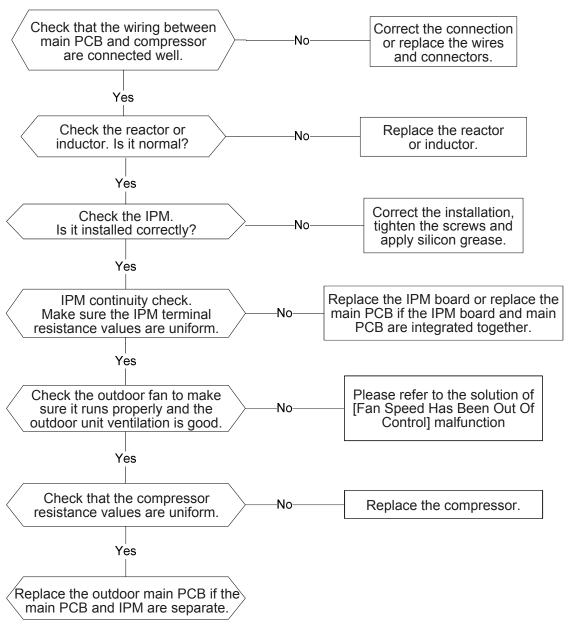


## 9.3.11 Inverter compressor drive error diagnosis and solution (P4)

Error Code	P4					
Malfunction conditions	An abnormal inverter compressor drive is detected by a special detection circuit, including communication signal detection, voltage detection, compressor rotation speed signal detection and so on.					
Possible causes	<ul> <li>Wiring error</li> <li>IPM malfunction</li> <li>Outdoor fan assembly faulty</li> <li>Compressor malfunction</li> <li>Outdoor PCB faulty</li> </ul>					

#### **Troubleshooting:**

#### For 9K~18K:





# **IPM** continuity check

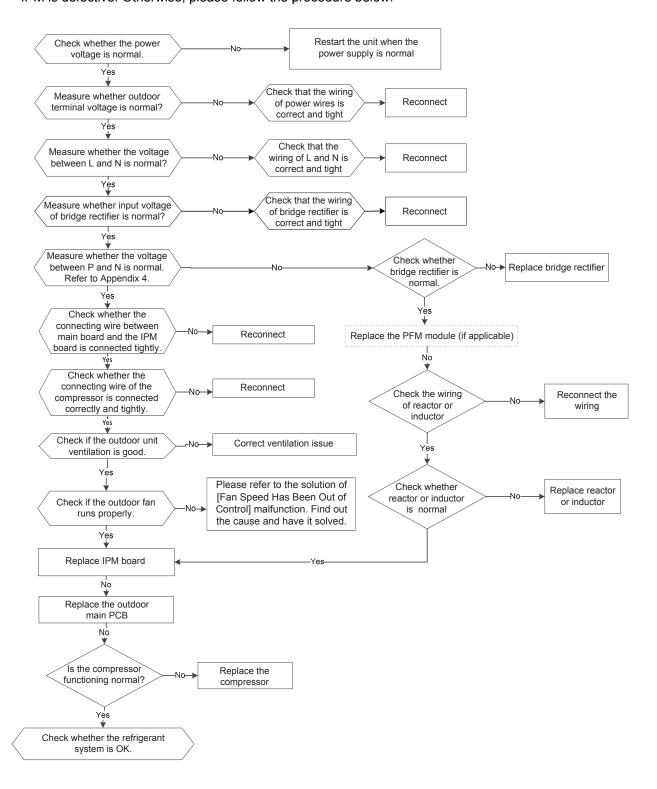
Turn off the power, let the large capacity electrolytic capacitors discharge completely, and dismount the IPM. Use a digital tester to measure the resistance between P and UVWN; UVW and N.

Digital tester		Normal resistance value	Digital tester		Normal resistance value
(+)Red	(-)Black		(+)Red	(-)Black	
	N	_	U		∞
P	U	∞ (Several MΩ)	V	N	$\omega$
Р	V		W		(Several MΩ)
	W		(+)Red		



#### For 24K~36K:

Test the resistance between all ports of U, V, W of IPM and P, N. If any result is 0 or close to 0, the IPM is defective. Otherwise, please follow the procedure below:

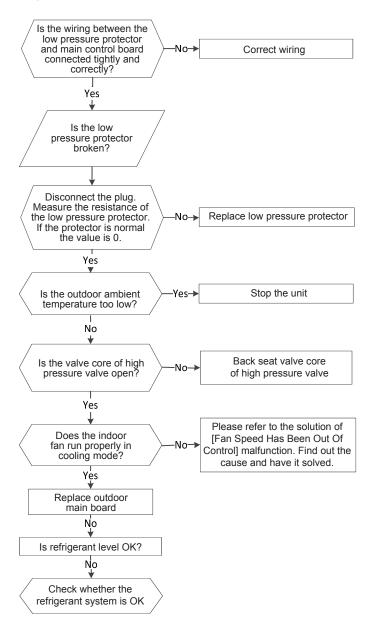




### 9.3.12 Low pressure protection diagnosis and solution (P6)

Error Code	P6					
Malfunction conditions	When the pressure of system reaches a preset value, the low pressure protector will switch off. After the pressure returns to normal, the protection code will disappear.					
Possible causes	<ul> <li>Wiring error</li> <li>Pressure protector faulty</li> <li>Fan motor faulty</li> <li>PCB faulty</li> <li>System problems</li> </ul>					

## **Troubleshooting:**

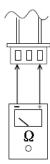




# Main parts check

# 1. Temperature sensor checking

Disconnect the temperature sensor from PCB, measure the resistance value with a tester.



Tester

Temperature sensors:

Room temp.(T1) sensor,

Indoor coil temp.(T2) sensor,

Outdoor coil temp.(T3) sensor,

Outdoor ambient temp.(T4) sensor,

Compressor discharge temp.(TP) sensor.

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using a multi-meter.



Appendix 1: Temperature Sensor Resistance Value Table for T1,T2,T3,T4 (°C--K)

°C	°F	K Ohm	° C	°F	K Ohm	°C	°F	K Ohm	°C	°F	K Ohm
-20	-4	115.266	20	68	12.6431	60	140	2.35774	100	212	0.62973
-19	-2	108.146	21	70	12.0561	61	142	2.27249	101	214	0.61148
-18	0	101.517	22	72	11.5	62	144	2.19073	102	216	0.59386
-17	1	96.3423	23	73	10.9731	63	145	2.11241	103	217	0.57683
-16	3	89.5865	24	75	10.4736	64	147	2.03732	104	219	0.56038
-15	5	84.219	25	77	10	65	149	1.96532	105	221	0.54448
-14	7	79.311	26	79	9.55074	66	151	1.89627	106	223	0.52912
-13	9	74.536	27	81	9.12445	67	153	1.83003	107	225	0.51426
-12	10	70.1698	28	82	8.71983	68	154	1.76647	108	226	0.49989
-11	12	66.0898	29	84	8.33566	69	156	1.70547	109	228	0.486
-10	14	62.2756	30	86	7.97078	70	158	1.64691	110	230	0.47256
-9	16	58.7079	31	88	7.62411	71	160	1.59068	111	232	0.45957
-8	18	56.3694	32	90	7.29464	72	162	1.53668	112	234	0.44699
-7	19	52.2438	33	91	6.98142	73	163	1.48481	113	235	0.43482
-6	21	49.3161	34	93	6.68355	74	165	1.43498	114	237	0.42304
-5	23	46.5725	35	95	6.40021	75	167	1.38703	115	239	0.41164
-4	25	44	36	97	6.13059	76	169	1.34105	116	241	0.4006
-3	27	41.5878	37	99	5.87359	77	171	1.29078	117	243	0.38991
-2	28	39.8239	38	100	5.62961	78	172	1.25423	118	244	0.37956
-1	30	37.1988	39	102	5.39689	79	174	1.2133	119	246	0.36954
0	32	35.2024	40	104	5.17519	80	176	1.17393	120	248	0.35982
1	34	33.3269	41	106	4.96392	81	178	1.13604	121	250	0.35042
2	36	31.5635	42	108	4.76253	82	180	1.09958	122	252	0.3413
3	37	29.9058	43	109	4.5705	83	181	1.06448	123	253	0.33246
4	39	28.3459	44	111	4.38736	84	183	1.03069	124	255	0.3239
5	41	26.8778	45	113	4.21263	85	185	0.99815	125	257	0.31559
6	43	25.4954	46	115	4.04589	86	187	0.96681	126	259	0.30754
7	45	24.1932	47	117	3.88673	87	189	0.93662	127	261	0.29974
8	46	22.5662	48	118	3.73476	88	190	0.90753	128	262	0.29216
9	48	21.8094	49	120	3.58962	89	192	0.8795	129	264	0.28482
10	50	20.7184	50	122	3.45097	90	194	0.85248	130	266	0.2777
11	52	19.6891	51	124	3.31847	91	196	0.82643	131	268	0.27078
12	54	18.7177	52	126	3.19183	92	198	0.80132	132	270	0.26408
13	55	17.8005	53	127	3.07075	93	199	0.77709	133	271	0.25757
14	57	16.9341	54	129	2.95896	94	201	0.75373	134	273	0.25125
15	59	16.1156	55	131	2.84421	95	203	0.73119	135	275	0.24512
16	61	15.3418	56	133	2.73823	96	205	0.70944	136	277	0.23916
17	63	14.6181	57	135	2.63682	97	207	0.68844	137	279	0.23338
18	64	13.918	58	136	2.53973	98	208	0.66818	138	280	0.22776
19	66	13.2631	59	138	2.44677	99	210	0.64862	139	282	0.22231



A**ppendix 2:** Temperature Sensor Resistance Value Table for TP ( $^{\circ}$ C --K)

° C	°F	K Ohm	° C	°F	K Ohm	° C	°F	K Ohm	° C	°F	K Ohm
-20	-4	542.7	20	68	68.66	60	140	13.59	100	212	3.702
-19	-2	511.9	21	70	65.62	61	142	13.11	101	214	3.595
-18	0	483	22	72	62.73	62	144	12.65	102	216	3.492
-17	1	455.9	23	73	59.98	63	145	12.21	103	217	3.392
-16	3	430.5	24	75	57.37	64	147	11.79	104	219	3.296
-15	5	406.7	25	77	54.89	65	149	11.38	105	221	3.203
-14	7	384.3	26	79	52.53	66	151	10.99	106	223	3.113
-13	9	363.3	27	81	50.28	67	153	10.61	107	225	3.025
-12	10	343.6	28	82	48.14	68	154	10.25	108	226	2.941
-11	12	325.1	29	84	46.11	69	156	9.902	109	228	2.86
-10	14	307.7	30	86	44.17	70	158	9.569	110	230	2.781
-9	16	291.3	31	88	42.33	71	160	9.248	111	232	2.704
-8	18	275.9	32	90	40.57	72	162	8.94	112	234	2.63
-7	19	261.4	33	91	38.89	73	163	8.643	113	235	2.559
-6	21	247.8	34	93	37.3	74	165	8.358	114	237	2.489
-5	23	234.9	35	95	35.78	75	167	8.084	115	239	2.422
-4	25	222.8	36	97	34.32	76	169	7.82	116	241	2.357
-3	27	211.4	37	99	32.94	77	171	7.566	117	243	2.294
-2	28	200.7	38	100	31.62	78	172	7.321	118	244	2.233
-1	30	190.5	39	102	30.36	79	174	7.086	119	246	2.174
0	32	180.9	40	104	29.15	80	176	6.859	120	248	2.117
1	34	171.9	41	106	28	81	178	6.641	121	250	2.061
2	36	163.3	42	108	26.9	82	180	6.43	122	252	2.007
3	37	155.2	43	109	25.86	83	181	6.228	123	253	1.955
4	39	147.6	44	111	24.85	84	183	6.033	124	255	1.905
5	41	140.4	45	113	23.89	85	185	5.844	125	257	1.856
6	43	133.5	46	115	22.89	86	187	5.663	126	259	1.808
7	45	127.1	47	117	22.1	87	189	5.488	127	261	1.762
8	46	121	48	118	21.26	88	190	5.32	128	262	1.717
9	48	115.2	49	120	20.46	89	192	5.157	129	264	1.674
10	50	109.8	50	122	19.69	90	194	5	130	266	1.632
11	52	104.6	51	124	18.96	91	196	4.849			
12	54	99.69	52	126	18.26	92	198	4.703			
13	55	95.05	53	127	17.58	93	199	4.562			
14	57	90.66	54	129	16.94	94	201	4.426			
15	59	86.49	55	131	16.32	95	203	4.294			
16	61	82.54	56	133	15.73	96	205	4.167			
17	63	78.79	57	135	15.16	97	207	4.045			
18	64	75.24	58	136	14.62	98	208	3.927			
19	66	71.86	59	138	14.09	99	210	3.812			



# Appendix 3:

° C	° F	° C	° F	° C	° F	° C	° F	° C	° F
-5	23	21	69.8	51	123.8	82	179.6	113	235.4
-4	24.8	22	71.6	52	125.6	83	181.4	114	237.2
-3	26.6	23	73.4	53	127.4	84	183.2	115	239
-2	28.4	24	75.2	54	129.2	85	185	116	240.8
-1	30.2	25	77	55	131	86	186.8	117	242.6
0	32	25.5	77.9	56	132.8	87	188.6	118	244.4
0.5	32.9	26	78.8	57	134.6	88	190.4	119	246.2
1	33.8	27	80.6	58	136.4	89	192.2	120	248
1.5	34.7	28	82.4	59	138.2	90	194	121	249.8
2	35.6	29	84.2	60	140	91	195.8	122	251.6
2.5	36.5	30	86	61	141.8	92	197.6	123	253.4
3	37.4	31	87.8	62	143.6	93	199.4	124	255.2
3.5	38.3	32	89.6	63	145.4	94	201.2	125	257
4	39.2	33	91.4	64	147.2	95	203	126	258.8
4.5	40.1	34	93.2	65	149	96	204.8	127	260.6
5	41	35	95	66	150.8	97	206.6	128	262.4
6	42.8	36	96.8	67	152.6	98	208.4	129	264.2
7	44.6	37	98.6	68	154.4	99	210.2	130	266
8	46.4	38	100.4	69	156.2	100	212	131	267.8
9	48.2	39	102.2	70	158	101	213.8	132	269.6
10	50	40	104	71	159.8	102	215.6	133	271.4
11	51.8	41	105.8	72	161.6	103	217.4	134	273.2
12	53.6	42	107.6	73	163.4	104	219.2	135	275
13	55.4	43	109.4	74	165.2	105	221	136	276.8
14	57.2	44	111.2	75	167	106	222.8	137	278.6
15	59	45	113	76	168.8	107	224.6	138	280.4
16	60.8	46	114.8	77	170.6	108	226.4	139	282.2
17	62.6	47	116.6	78	172.4	109	228.2	140	284
18	64.4	48	118.4	79	174.2	110	230	141	285.8
19	66.2	49	120.2	80	176	111	231.8	142	287.6
20	68	50	122	81	177.8	112	233.6	143	289.4



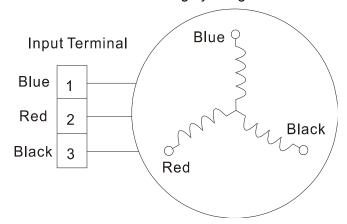
# Appendix 4:

Normal voltage of P and N								
208-2	208-240V (1-phase, 3-phase)							
	In standby							
	around 530VDC							
	In o	peration						
With passive PFC module With partial active PFC module		With fully active PFC module	/					
>200VDC	>310VDC	>370VDC	>450VDC					



# 2. Compressor checking

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



Position	Resistance Value								
	DA110S1	DA130M1C-	DA250S2C-3	ATM115D43	ATM150D23	TNB306FPG			
	C-30FZ	31FZ	0MT	UFZ2	UFZ	MC-L			
Blue -									
Red	0.00	4 77 0	0.550	4.07.0	4.700	0.50			
Blue -	0.8 Ω	1.77 Ω	0.55 Ω	1.87 Ω	1.72 Ω	0.53 Ω			
Black	(20° C	(20° C	(20° C	(20° C	(20° C	(20° C			
Red -	/68° F)	/68° F)	/68° F)	/68° F)	/68° F)	/68° F)			
Blue									





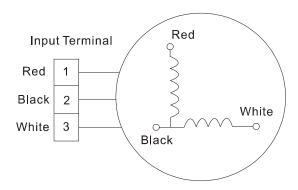
## 3. IPM continuity check

Turn off the power, let the large capacity electrolytic capacitors discharge completely, and dismount the IPM. Use a digital tester to measure the resistance between P and UVWN; UVW and N.

Digital tester		Normal resistance value	Digital tester		Normal resistance value
(+)Red	(-)Black		(+)Red	(-)Black	
	N		U		
D D	U	$\infty$	V	NI NI	∞
P  -	V	(Several M Ω )	W	N	(Several MΩ)
	W		(+)Red		

### 4. Indoor AC Fan Motor

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



Position	Resistance Value			
	RPG13B		RPG50B(YKFG-50-4-1)	
Black - Red	100.5 Ω ±8% 100 Ω ±8%		82.2 Ω ±8%	85 Ω ±8%
	(20° C /68° F)	(20° C/68° F)	(20° C /68° F)	(20° C /68° F)
	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Dayang)	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Dayang)
White - Black	e - Black 64.5 Ω ±8% 68.5 Ω ±8%		<b>72.3</b> Ω ±8%	57.8 Ω ±8%
	(20° C/68° F)	(20° C/68° F)	(20° C/68° F)	(20° C /68° F)
	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Dayang)	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Dayang)



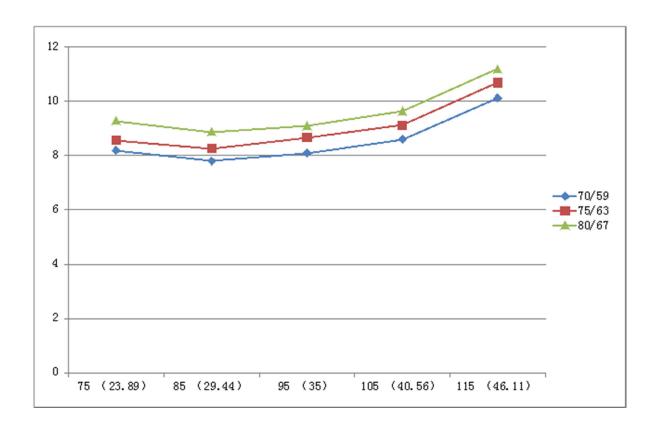
# 5. Pressure On Service Port

Cooling chart:

° F(°	ODT	75	85	95	105	115
C)	IDT	(23.89)	(29.44)	(35)	(40.56)	(46.11)
BAR	70/59	8.2	7.8	8.1	8.6	10.1
BAR	75/63	8.6	8.3	8.7	9.1	10.7
BAR	80/67	9.3	8.9	9.1	9.6	11.2

° F(°	ODT	75	85	95	105	115
C)	IDT	(23.89)	(29.44)	(35)	(40.56)	(46.11)
PSI	70/59	119	113	117	125	147
PSI	75/63	124	120	126	132	155
PSI	80/67	135	129	132	140	162

° F(°	ODT	75	85	95	105	115
C)	IDT	(23.89)	(29.44)	(35)	(40.56)	(46.11)
MPA	70/59	0.82	0.78	0.81	0.86	1.01
MPA	75/63	0.86	0.83	0.87	0.91	1.07
MPA	80/67	0.93	0.89	0.91	0.96	1.12



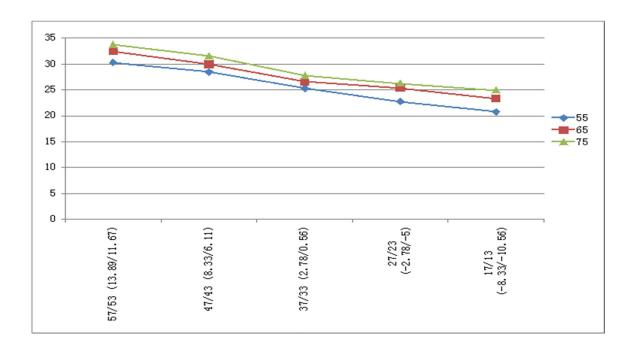


# **Heating Chart:**

° F	ODT	57/53	47/43	37/33	27/23	17/13
(° C)	IDT	(13.89/11.67)	(8.33/6.11)	(2.78/0.56)	(-2.78/-5)	(-8.33/-10.56)
BAR	55	30.3	28.5	25.3	22.8	20.8
BAR	65	32.5	30.0	26.6	25.4	23.3
BAR	75	33.8	31.5	27.8	26.3	24.9

° F	ODT	57/53	47/43	37/33	27/23	17/13
(° C)	IDT	(13.89/11.67)	(8.33/6.11)	(2.78/0.56)	(-2.78/-5)	(-8.33/-10.56)
PSI	55	439	413	367	330	302
PSI	65	471	435	386	368	339
PSI	75	489	457	403	381	362

° F	ODT	57/53	47/43	37/33	27/23	17/13
(° C)	IDT	(13.89/11.67)	(8.33/6.11)	(2.78/0.56)	(-2.78/-5)	(-8.33/-10.56)
MPA	55	3.03	2.85	2.53	2.28	2.08
MPA	65	3.25	3.00	2.66	2.54	2.33
MPA	75	3.38	3.15	2.78	2.63	2.49





# **10 Disassembly Instructions**

Note: This part is for reference, the photos may have slight difference with your machine.

## 10.1 Indoor unit

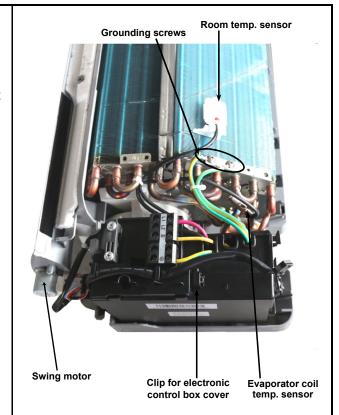
No.	Parts name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Front panel	How to remove the front panel.	Overview:
		<ol> <li>Pull below side of the panel and release the clips. Then remove the front panel.</li> <li>Remove the filter and horizontal louver.</li> <li>Remove the four fixing screws.</li> <li>Remove the cover (one screw).</li> </ol>	Panel One screw fixing the cover  Clip Clip Filter  Four screws
		5) Lift the panel frame and release the connector of display assembly connectors. Then remove the panel frame assembly.	Connector for display assembly

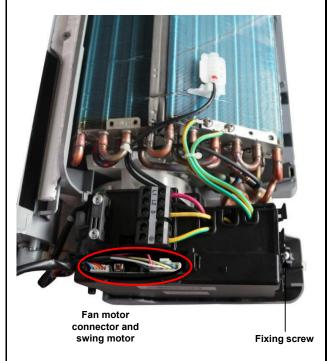


2 Electrical parts

How to remove the electrical parts.

- 1) After removing the front panel from procedure 1, pull out the room temp. sensor and evaporator coil sensor. Remove the grounding screws.
- Pull out the clip toward the left side and open the cover.
- Remove the mounting screw and open the electrical box cover.
- Pull out the connectors of the swing motor and fan motor.
- 5) Remove the mounting screw and then remove the electronic control box and air outlet assembly.







3 Evaporator How to remove the evaporator. 1) After removing the front panel assembly and electrical parts following procedure 1 and procedure 2, remove the pipe holder at the rear side of the unit. 2) Remove the two screws on the evaporator at the base bearing side. Two screws at the base bearing side 3) Remove two screws on the evaporator at the fixed plates and then lift the evaporator assembly. Two screws at the fixed plates



How to remove the fan Fan and 4 and motor. motor 1) After removing the evaporator assembly following procedure 1, procedure 2 and procedure 3, remove the three screws attaching the cover. Three screws 2) Remove the screw attaching the motor and then pull out the motor. One screw



# **10.2 Outdoor unit**

## A-VMH09SU-1, A-VMH12SU-1

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
	Panel plate	How to remove the panel plate.  1) Stop operation of the air conditioner and turn "OFF" power at the breaker.	Screws of top panel (3 screws, 1 screw is under the big handle)  3 screws of the big handle  6 screws of front panel
		<ol> <li>Remove the big handle first, and then remove the top panel (3 screws).</li> <li>Remove the screws of front panel (6 screws).</li> <li>Remove the screws of the right side panel (8 screws).</li> </ol>	



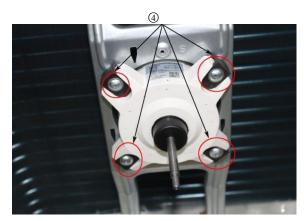
How to remove the fan 2 Fan assembly 1 assembly. 1) After removing the panel plate following Procedure 1, remove the hex nut fixing the fan and then remove the fan. 2 2) Disconnect the hooks and open the electronic control box cover. Compressor T3,T4,T5 Sensor 4-way valve Motor Electronic expansion valve



 Disconnect the connector for fan motor from the electronic control board.



 Remove the four mounting screws of the fan motor. Then remove the fan motor.

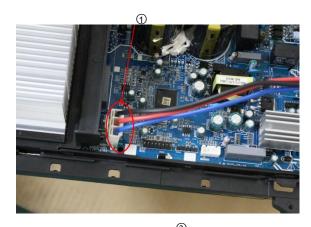


3 Electrical parts

How to remove the electrical parts.

 After finishing item 1 and item 2, remove the connectors for the compressor.

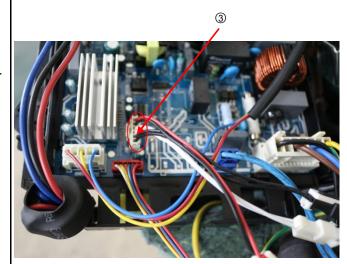
Pull out the two blue wires connected with the four way valve.



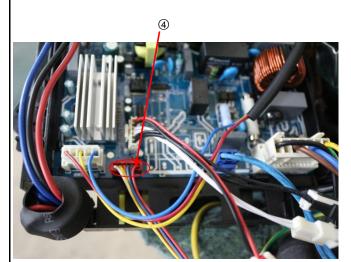




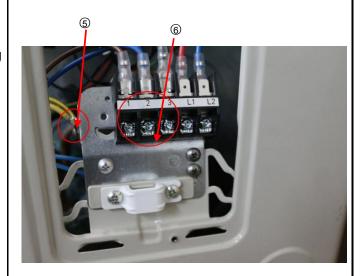
 Pull out connectors of the condenser coil temp. sensor (T3), outdoor ambient temp. sensor (T4) and discharge temp. sensor (TP).



4) Disconnect the electronic expansion valve wire.



- 5) Remove the grounding screw.
- 6) Remove the wires (1,2,3). Then remove the electronic control box.





4	Four-way	How to remove the	
'	valve	four-way valve.	The picture of four-way valve may be different
			from your valve.
		1) Perform work of	3 4
		item1, 3.	\
		2) Recover refrigerant	
		from the refrigerant circuit.	
		3) Remove the screw of	
		the coil and then	
		remove the coil.	
		4) Detach the welded	
		parts of four-way	
		valve and pipe. 5) Then the four-way	
		valve assembly can	
		be removed	
5	Compressor	How to remove the	<b>②</b>
	- Compressor	compressor.	
		After performing work	
		of item 1,3; recover	
		refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit.	
		2) Remove the	
		discharge pipe and	
		suction pipe with a	
		burner.	
		Remove the hex nuts     and washers fixing	
		the compressor on	3
		bottom plate.	
		4) Lift the compressor	
		from the base pan	
		assembly.	



## A-VMH18SU-1

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
	Panel plate	How to remove the panel plate.  1) Stop operation of the air conditioner and turn "OFF" power at the breaker.	3 screws of top panel  3 screws of big handle  9 screws of front panel
		<ol> <li>Remove the top panel (3 screws).</li> <li>Remove the screws of front panel (9 screws).</li> <li>Remove the screws of the right side panel (8 screws).</li> </ol>	



How to remove the fan Fan assembly assembly. 1) After removing the panel plate following Procedure 1, remove the hex nut attaching the fan and then remove the fan. 2) After removing the top cover, disconnect the hooks and open the electronic control box cover. T3,T4,T5 Sensor Wire Compressor Wire Electronic Expansion Valve Motor Wire 4-Way Valve Wire Electric Pipe Heater and Crankcase Electric Heater



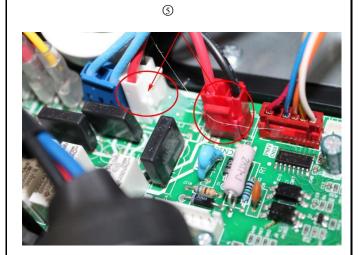
3 3) Disconnect the connector for fan motor from the electronic control board. 4 4) Remove the four mounting screws of the fan motor. Remove the fan motor. 3 Electrical How to remove the electrical parts. parts 1) After finishing work of item 1 and item 2, remove the connectors for the compressor and reactor.



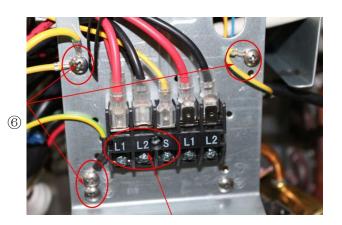
2 2) Pull out the two blue wires connected with the four way valve. 3 3) Pull out connectors of the condenser coil temp. sensor (T3), outdoor ambient temp. sensor (T4) and discharge temp. sensor (TP). 4 4) Disconnect the electronic expansion valve wire.



5) Remove the electric heaters.



- 6) Remove the grounding screw.
- 7) Remove the Wires (1,2,3 or L1,L2,S).
  Then remove the electronic control box.



7



4	Four-way valve	How to remove the four-way valve.  1) Perform work of item 1, 3. 2) Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 3) Remove the screw of the coil and then remove the coil. 4) Detach the welded parts of four-way valve and pipe. 5) Then the four-way valve assembly can be removed.	The picture of four-way valve may be different from your equipment.  (4)
5	Compressor	How to remove the compressor.  1) After performing work of item 1,3. Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit.  2) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a torch.  3) Remove the hex nuts and washers attaching the compressor to bottom plate.  4) Lift the compressor from the base pan assembly.	



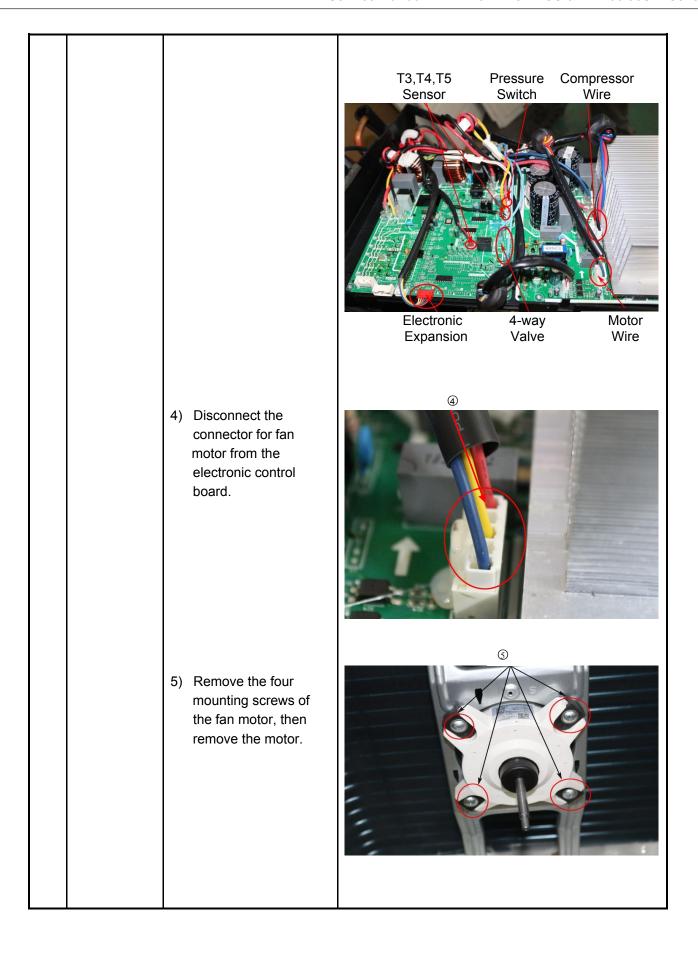
# A-VMH30SD-1, A-VMH36SD-1

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Panel plate	How to remove the panel plate.  1) Stop operation of the air conditioner and turn "OFF" the power breaker.	Screws of top panel (3 screws, 1 screw is under the big handle)  Screws of front panel (11 screws)
		<ul> <li>2) Remove the big handle first,then remove the top cover (7 screws)</li> <li>3) Remove the screws from front panel (11 screws).</li> <li>4) Remove the screws of the right side panel (13 screws).</li> </ul>	



How to remove the fan 2 Fan ass'y assembly. Electronic Control Box 1) After removing the Fan panel plate following procedure 1. Compressor 2) Remove the nut attaching the fan, and remove the fan. 3) Disconnect the hooks and remove the screws, then open the electronic control box cover.







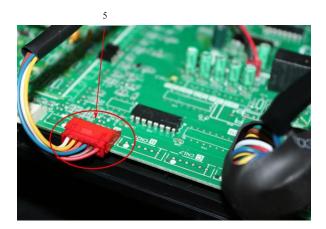
3 How to remove the Electrical electrical parts. 1 parts 1) After finishing item 1 and item 2, remove the connector for the compressor. 2 2) Pull out the two blue wires connected with the four way valve. 3) Pull out connectors of the, condenser coil temp. sensor (T3), outdoor ambient temp. sensor (T4) and discharge temp. sensor (TP).



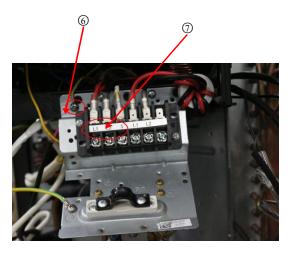
4) Disconnect the pressure switch connector.



 Disconnect the electronic expansion valve wire from the control board.



- 6) Remove the ground wires.
- 7) Remove the wires (1,2,3 or L1,L2,S). Then remove the electronic control box.





4	Four-way valve	How to remove the fourway valve.  1) Perform work of item 1, 3. 2) Recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit. 3) Remove the screw of the coil and then remove the coil. 4) Detach the welded parts of four-way valve and pipe. 5) Then the four-way valve assembly can be removed	The picture of four-way valve may be different from the one on your side.
5	Compressor	How to remove the compressor.  1) After performing item 1, 3, recover refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit.  2) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a torch.  3) Remove the hex nuts and washers attaching the compressor to bottom plate.  4) Lift the compressor from the base pan assembly.	



Due to ongoing product improvements, specifications and dimensions are subject to change and correction without notice or incurring obligations. Determining the application and suitability for use of any product is the responsibility of the installer. Additionally, the installer is responsible for verifying dimensional data on the actual product prior to beginning any installation preparations.

Incentive and rebate programs have precise requirements as to product performance and certification. All products meet applicable regulations in effect on date of manufacture; however, certifications are not necessarily granted for the life of a product.

Therefore, it is the responsibility of the applicant to determine whether a specific model qualifies for these incentive/rebate programs.



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